AOSS (Rev. Case 1.04	-cv-00743-DAE-LEK	Document 143 Filed 08/19/2008 Page 1 of 2	
ODIGINAL PROOF OF SERVICE			
	DATE	PLACE	
SERVED	8/10/2008	15 KULANIHAKOI ST. APT. 18-C, KIHEI HI 96753	
SERVED ON (PRINT NAME)		MANNER OF SERVICE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COL	
PHILLIP WALLACE SCHMIDT		PERSONAL DISTRICT OF HAWAII	
SERVED BY (PRINT NAME)		TITLE AUG 19 2008 /	
SING VISTA		CIVIL PROCESS SERVER	
+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	DEC	LARATION OF SERVER SUE BEITIA CLERK	
I declare under pena in the Proof of Service		s of the United States of America that the foregoing information contain	
Executed on	8/10/2008	ATT	
4.44.22.24.40.00.00	DATE	SIGNATURE OF SERVER	
		P. O. BOX 880136 PUKALANI HI 96788	
		ADDRESS OF SERVER	

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45 (c), (d), and (e), as amended on December 1, 2007:

(c) PROTECTING A PERSON SUBJECT TO A SUBPOENA.

- (1) Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions. A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpocena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or correspons on a person subject to the subpocena. The issuing court must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees on a party or attorney who fails to comply.
 - (2) Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.
- (A) Appearance Not Required. A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.
- (B) Objections. A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or atterney designated in the subpoent a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises—or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoent is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:
- (i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the issuing court for an order compelling production or inspection.
- (ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.
 - (3) Quashing or Modifying a Subpoena.
- (A) When Required. On timely motion, the issuing court must quash or modify a subnocna that:
 - (i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;
- than 100 miles from where that person resides, is employed, or regularly remacts business in person except that, subject to Rule 45(c)(3)(B)(ii), the person may be commanded to attend a trial by traveling from any such piace within the state where the trial is held;
- (iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or
 - (iv) subjects a person to undue burden,
- (B) When Permitted. To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoens, the issuing court may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoens if it requires:
- (i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information;
- (ii) disclosing an unretained expent's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party; or
- (iii) a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer to incur substantial expense to travel more than 100 miles to attend trial
- (C) Specifying Conditions as an Alternative. In the circumstances described in Rule 45(c)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:

- (i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and
 - (ii) ensures that the subpoensed person will be reasonably compensated.

(d) DUTIES IN RESPONDENCE TO A SUBPOENA.

- (1) Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information. These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:
- (A) Documents. A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.
- (B) Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified. If a subpoons does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.
- (C) Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form. The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.
- (D) Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information. The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or far a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.
 - (2) Claiming Privilege or Protection.
- (A) Information Withheld. A person withholding subpoenaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must.
 - (i) expressly make the claim; and
- (ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.
- (B) Information Produced. If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information to the court under seal for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.

(e) CONTEMPT.

The issuing court may hold in contempt a person who, having been served, fails without adequate excuse to obey the subpoena. A nonparty's failure to obey must be excused if the subpoena purports to require the nonparty to attend or produce at a place outside the limits of Ruis 45(c)(3)(A)(ii).

SAOER (Rev. 12/07) Subrecons in a Civil Con

TO: Philip Wallace Schmidt

Issued by the United States District Court

District of Hawaii

TARYN CHRISTIAN, Petitioner

SUBPOENA IN A CIVIL CASE

V.

CLAYTON FRANK, Director, Dept. Public Safety

Case Number: 1 04-00743 DAE-LEK

15 Kulanihakol St, Apt 18-C Kihei , Mau, Hawaii.96753	
YOU ARE COMMANDED to appear in the United States testify in the above case.	District court at the place, date, and time specified below to
PLACE OF TESTIMONY	#7 / Judge Kobayashi
Federal District Court 300 Ala Moana Blvd Honolulu, Hawaii. 96850	DATE AND TIME 8/18/2008 8:30 am
O YOU ARE COMMANDED to appear at the place, date, as in the above case.	
PLACE OF DEPOSITION	DATE AND TIME
	tion and copying of the following documents or objects at the
place, date, and time specified below (list documents or o	
PLACE	DATE AND TIME
☐ YOU ARE COMMANDED to permit inspection of the f	ollowing premises at the date and time specified below.
PREMISES	DATE AND TIME
Any organization not a party to this suit that is subposensed for t directors, or managing agents, or other persons who consent to test matters on which the person will testify. Federal Rule of Civil Pro-	th ou its pensit and may set tourt in ever beneat account
ISSUING OFFICER'S SIGNATURE AND TITLE (INDICATE IS ALL PROPERTY)	OR PLAINTIFF OR DEFENDANT) DATE
Attorney Mark Barrett for Petitioner	Petitionals atty 8/8/2008
THE PROPERTY OF A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE	

¹ If action is pending in district other than district of insuence, state district under case number.